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KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT ACHIEVING STRATEGY BUSINESS ALIGNMENT IN HIGHER EDUCATIOAN

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ABSTRACT

Campus sustainability is an increasingly popular notion for universities around the world in light of increasingly serious global environmental problems. The scope of a sustainable campus could include anything from greening facilities, increasing environmental education, integrating sustainability priorities into purchasing policies, and an endless list of other considerations. The adoption and use of ICT to enhance and facilitate Knowledge Management (KM) hascbrought to focus the urgent need to come out with new methods, tools and techniques in thevdevelopment of KM systems frameworks, knowledge processes and knowledge technologiesvto promote effective management of knowledge for improved service deliveries in higherveducation. To succeed in KM, higher education institutions must endeavor to effectively linkvKM initiatives and processes with their everchanging needs to advance their goals. To succeed in KM, higher education institutions must endeavor to effectively link KM initiatives and processes with their ever-changing needs to advance their goals. Addressing these challenges call for a new conceptual framework and expanded research agenda to ensure success in the utilization of ICT in KM. Using the synergies from Nonaka SECI, Kidwell, Linde, Johnson (2000) KM practice in higner education, with theory zach (2000) gap knoelwdge and strategy to form the basis for defining our approach, this paper proposes a conceptual framework for using ICT to enhance KM in higher education. In addition, the paper identifies several research issues to bridge the gap that currently exists between the requirements of theory building and testing to address the different emerging challenges in using ICT to enhance KM in higher education.

Keywords: KM, SECI, higher education, business strategy

1. INTRODUCTION Universitas

Knowledge Management is generally about the gathering, storing, disseminating and application of knowledge via the knowhow and creation of work by the individuals in an organization (Miller, 1999). Bernbom (2001) explains that KM involves the "discovery and capture of knowledge, the filtering and arrangement of this knowledge, and the value derived from sharing and using this knowledge throughout the Fundamental organization" focus knowledge management models is the analysis of the expansion and quality of organizational knowledge processes. Underlying principle knowledge management is that organizations recognize the quality and quantity of knowledge they possess. There is no one organization which does not acquire, store or distribute knowledge some way. The question is that if

they apply their knowledge capital effectively, what is the added value of it with which this capital contributes to the total value the products/services customers of the organization. Fundamental focus of knowledge management models is the analysis of the expansion and quality of organizational knowledge processes. principle Underlying of knowledge management is that organizations recognize the quality and quantity of knowledge they possess. There is no one organization which does not acquire, store or distribute knowledge some way. The question is that if their knowledge apply effectively, what is the added value of it with which this capital contributes to the total products/services value of the customers of the organization (Farkas, 2009). To be able to effectively manage their knowledge resources, higher education institutions need to have appropriate KM

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framework in place. KM framework refers to integration of organizational knowledge in organizational culture, organizational information technology infrastructure and the organization's store of individual and collective experiences, learning, insights, and values (Allee, 1997). Members can effectively accomplish higher education goals through use of effective KM processes and procedures (von Krogh et al., 2001). A firm that effectively manages knowledge is considered a to be organization (Mellander, 2001). A sound KM conceptual framework methodology helps to fulfill the goals of achieving competitive advantage by providing important guiding principles and directions on KM. According Baskerville and Dulipovici (2006), understanding how pre-existing theories have been used to build a developing field such as KM is important because these theories substantiate and legitimize the field. Together with methods and aims, theories are a key part of any field's claims to scientific rationality. To effectively manage knowledge using ICT in higher education. we need to understand the choices that should be considered to develop an effective KM framework using ICT (omona, 2010)

1.1 Problem Definition

The problem to be addressed, the appropriate processes knowledge management to follow, and connected strategy business/IT.

2. BACKGROUND THEORY

Nonaka et al. (2000) have developed the Socialization, Externalization, Combination and Internalization (SECI) model, which describes four main knowledge conversion modes: from tacit to tacit, tacit to explicit, explicit to explicit and explicit to tacit. The SECI model provides concrete а development scheme and describes both the processes of knowledge creation and sharing, and transformations taking place within and between individuals, groups and organizations, which are all interconnected. Socialization presents a process of tacit knowledge sharing between individuals working in the same environment and understanding it. Externalization is the

process of transforming tacit knowledge into forms (symbols, analogies and metaphors). which can be understood by other group members. As a result, individual's tacit knowledge become a group's asset. Then, combination. knowledge organized, edited and systemized; it is shared with other groups and finally becomes a "common property" in the organization. When it is put into practice and used by employees, it is embedded in individuals' skills and competencies, which may lead to a generation of new tacit knowledge. Nonaka et al. called this last stage internalization (Nonaka et al. 2000).

Hansen, et al. (1999)approaches to KM into two categories: the codification approach and the The personalization approach. codification/people-to-document approach is centered on the computer. Organizations use ICT to capture, store, disseminate, and allow for the reuse of knowledge. This approach allows many people to search for and retrieve codified knowledge without having to contact the person who originally developed it. This approach therefore allows for knowledge to be accessed and used easily by anyone in the organization. The personalization/people-to-people approach on the other hand is centered on the dialogue between individuals, not the knowledge objects in a database. In this approach, knowledge is closely tied to the person who developed it and is mutually shared, mainly through direct person-toperson contact. The main purpose of ICT in approach is mainly to help in this communication of knowledge, and not necessarily to store it (Omona 2010).

A popular framework for thinking about knowledge proposes two main types of knowledge: explicit and tacit. In an organization, examples of explicit knowledge are strategies, methodologies, processes, patents, products, and services. Examples of tacit knowledge in an organizational context are skills and competencies, experiences, relationships within and outside the organization, individual beliefs and ideas. Using knowledge values, and management techniques and technologies in higher education is as vital as it is in the corporate sector. Knowledge management

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applications could benefit a number of university processes and services: the research process, curriculum development process, student and alumni services, administrative services, and strategic planning (Kidwell, 2000).

effectively, it can lead to better decisionmaking capabilities, reduced "product" development cycle time, improved academic and administrative services, and reduced costs. Kumarl et.al, 2013. Gap analysis Business Strategy to km strategy for 5 areas as (table 1).

3. FINDING

Using knowledge management techniques and technologies in higher education is as vital as it is in the corporate sector. If done

Table. 1 Application of KM for research process

Table. TApplication of Kivi for research process				
KM application to be owned	Existing KM			
A repository of:	Repository scattered research			
Research interests within an institution or at affiliated	results in several areas and access			
institutions (potential subcontractors).	to documents is still done manually			
• Research results (where possible) and funding	and not integrated, at blog lecturer,			
organizations (federal agencies, foundations, and				
corporations) with easy search capabilities to facilitate				
interdisciplinary opportunities.				
Commercial opportunities for research results.				
A portal for research administration procedures and best	University portal only displays			
practices related to:	general information on the scope of			
Funding opportunities.	the LPPM, although the entire			
 Pre-populated proposals, budgets, and protocols. 	p <mark>rocedure has been owned and</mark>			
 Proposal-routing policies and procedures. 	properly stored in the directory.			
• Award notification, account setup, and negotiation	/			
policies and procedures.				
Contract and grant management policies and procedures.				
 Technical and financial report templates and policies and 				
procedures.				
Overview of internal services, resources, and staff.	Unive			

Table 2. Application of KM for development process KM application to be owned Existing KM Repository of curriculum revision efforts that includes Application for supported curriculum research conducted, effectiveness, measures, best had owned, ata Siak and Novell practices, lessons learned, and so forth. Repository of content modularized and arranged to facilitate interdisciplinary curriculum design and development. Portal of information related to teaching and learning And to supported teaching and technology, including faculty learning, we had a hybrid learning, development opportunities, outcomes tracking, lessons learned, best and develop from open source software. Many lecturer can access practices, technology overviews, and so forth. "Hubs" of information in each disciplinary area, including material interdicipline. recentpublications, updated materials, For assesment applicable an tracking research, and so forth. supported SiUnggul Lecturer and Repository of pedagogy and assessment techniques, Siunggul student. But for research including best practices, outcomes, tracking, faculty can be acceses from blog lecturer. development opportunities, and research. Repository of analyzed student evaluations updated analyzed supported Siak, each semester for lessons learned and best practices Siunggul, and Novell, portal for for all faculty. integrated faculty for one Portal for new faculty with guides for developing application, but integration at portal

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KM application to be owned	Existing KM
curriculum, working with senior faculty, establishing	of university.
effective teaching styles, advising do's and don'ts,	
supervising PhD students, and so forth.	
- Repository of corporate relationships to identify	
curriculum design advisory task forces, guest speakers,	
adjuncts, case study sites, and so forth.	

Table 3. Application of KM for Student Alumni Process

Table 6: Application of Nivitor Stadent Attainin 1 100000							
KM application to be owned	Existing KM						
Portal for student services for both students and for faculty	Siak, SiUnggul Student, Siunggul,						
and staff at the institution so that they are well informed to	PPMB application for admissions.						
advise students. Information could include policies and							
procedures related to admissions, financial aid, registration,							
degree audit, billing, payment process, advising and							
tutoring, housing, dining, and other services. This portal							
could be personalized for individual schools or student							
groups to customize service offerings.							
Portal for career placement services (potentially part of a							
large portal for all corporate connections) to provide a one-	opportunities,						
stop service center for students, but also for faculty and							
staff to ensure they are informed.							
Repository of student affairs services for faculty and staff to							
ensure all constituents understand existing services and							
can provide proper advising.							
Portal for alumni and development services to minimize	Career center alumni, job						
redundant efforts; capture contact reports; and link to	opportu <mark>ni</mark> ties, article, career alumni						
research, curriculum, and career development efforts	testimonial, CV online application						
Portal for information on outreach constituents to integrate	Caree <mark>r</mark> center alumni, job						
efforts and minimize redundant efforts.	oppo <mark>rt</mark> unities,						

Table 4. Applicaton of KM for Administrative process

l able 4. Application of Kivi for Administrative process					
KM application to be owned	Existing KM				
Portal for financial services (that is, budgeting and	Siak integration with academic				
accounting) that includes FAQs, best practices, procedures,	process				
templates, and communities of interest to share information	_ 011				
and serve as impetus for improvement efforts.					
Portal for procurement (that is, purchasing, accounts	Siasset and Siinventaris to support				
payable, receiving, warehousing) that includes FAQs, best	procurement and asset				
practices, procedures, templates, and communities of	managrment				
interest (for example, by commodity, purchasing vehicle,					
vendor, and so forth) to share information and serve as					
impetus for improvement efforts (for example, leverage					
lessons learned from others in the institution, design on-line					
vendor sites such as Web-based catalogs).					
Portal for human resources (that is, vacancy-to-hire,	SIMUEU application, fot maintanin				
payroll, affirmative action, and so forth) that includes FAQs,	human resource, absency				
best practices, procedures, templates, and communities of	controlling				
interest to share information and serve as impetus for					
improvement efforts.					

Table 5. Application of KM for Administration Planning process

KM application to be owned	Existing KM			
Office of Knowledge Management, emerging from the	Every semester student access			
previous Office of Institutional Research.	monitoring evaluation for lecturer			
□□Portal for internal information that catalogs the	and services			
strategic plans, reports developed for external audiences				
(for example, IPEDS, accreditation reports), clear data				

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KM application to be owned	Existing KM
definitions, presentations by executives, and so forth.	
□□Portal for external inform <mark>ation,</mark> including benchmark	
studies, environmental scans, competitor data, links to	
research groups, higher education research groups and	
publications, presentations by executives, and so forth.	
□□Monthly "market watch" developed in tandem with	
Admissions, Continuing Education, Alumni and	Unive
Development, and others that document key trends and	
potential implications.	
□□Repository of data related to accountability and	
outcomes tracking by monitoring assessments,	
performance indicators, benchmarking, and so forth.	



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Figure 1. KM Pilar

From the mapping will be created for the next KM KM pillars which became the main activity in a college (Figure 1)

- Research
 Research at the university is managed
 centrally by the Institute for Research
 and Community Service (SBRC).
 Dissemination of information, collecting
 both the proposal document or any
 other document reports on the results of
 the research, and community service is
 done either manually or e-mail. So the
- difficulty in data management and information dissemination difficulties, often complained about the time limit research. In addition to managing research and community service, LPPM also handles the management of the journal, as for the journal that has been owned by the University of Esa Unggul accessible through http://jurnal.esaunggul.ac.id/.
- 2. Curriculum development

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Each program of study are expected to conduct curriculum development. For the management of the University Academic Excellence Esa have done computerized, from the curriculum that has been designed based on the expected competencies. To then translated into the subjects that will be presented in the lecture. Currently Esa Superior University has repository to support lectures, while the grouping based study program, which can be accessed through http://element.esaunggul.ac.id/ and http://vle.esaunggul.ac.id. This application is known as hybrid learning and online learning, which combines the concept of classroom teaching with online lectures for some courses. University web management centrally managed, and there are few who managed independently by the unit, such as hybrid learning by Learning Support Bureau, the digital library by library unit, and e-paper by the Department of Marketing section of emarketing.

Student Services and Alumni Students access the application-lms learning management system to study enrollment, see the value and the financial bill, in addition to the LMS application is also accessible faculty to enter grades. Management of new admissions also performed computerized and integrated with academic units and student finance. Alumni students can find information on university web address. http://www.esaunggul.ac.id/organization

/career-center/, which all have its application to the University web. In addition, the Faculty requires a web that can accommodate updated information on faculty environment itself, such as the announcement of the start date of an important faculty council, guidance counseling until discussion forum.

Administrative Services In the administrative services Esa Unggul University supported by a system known as SIAK and SIMEUE, ranging from academic management Academic Synthesis, management lectures and exams DPPU Synthesis, Synthesis of data management lecturer Lecturer, financial management student and Synthesis Synthesis Student Financial and other support. While SIMUEU more focused on data management lecturer and staff.

5. Strategic planning

University leaders and faculty are involved from the planning to the four pillars of the above, to control the impact of its implementation and can see or measure the performance of research, academic, administrative and student services and alumni

Knowledge Gap

What is known by the organization with what should be known by the organization, in this case Esa Unggul University have used various ways to make the process of building and disseminate knowledge. There are several identification spread knowledge in a university environment Esa Superior summarized in the table 6.

Table 6. Knowledge Gap Analysis

- abit of the body				
Mapping KM	KM Pilar	Description	Gap	
Socialization	Research	Dissemination of	Trouble concerning the dissemination of	
		information through	information. Management of the manual	
		scientific Forums lecturers,	for information about the researcher, the	
		e-mail	researcher title so it takes a relatively	
			longer. Have not been able informs	
			research status and the extent to which	
			the research process.	
	Development	Dissemination of	The discussion of the curriculum is done	
	Curriculum	information through	through coordination	
		scientific lecturer Forum,	Existing tools to determine the	
		email, meeting	conversion course, the operational	
		coordination	curriculu	

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Mapping KM KM Pilar Description Gap		Gap	
mapping ran	Student	Information dissemination	Already Done well and done manually
	services and	through a hybrid learning,	monitoring though. But management
	Alumni	websites, print	has been using the system. A system of
			teaching faculty moitoring, the waiter
			who had computerized
	Administration	Information dissemination	Already implemented and obtaining
	Support	through a hybrid learning,	development to improved service to
		websites, scientific forums,	faculty and students especially students
		email, print, application of	from registering the trial till graduation
		information systems	
Externalization	Research	Email, printed	Search process research data have
			difficulty Information expertise / field of
			expert lecturers not terecord well
	Development	Email, printed	Able to see track record of the
	Curriculum		curriculum
	Student	Websites, hybrid learning,	Already implemented
	services and	e-paper, printed, sintesa,	
	Alumni Administration	digital library	Already dans and always dans
	Support	Websites, hybrid learning, e-paper, lms, sintesa,	Already done and always done development for improvement by using
	Support	digital library	the latest technology.
Combination	Research	Email, printed	Management of research data is still
Combination	rescaron	Email, printed	manual, so the difficulty in making
			reporting
4	Development	Email, printed	Track Record curriculum can be
	Curriculum		accessed by the system
/	Student	Websites, hybrid learning,	Already implemented and carried out
	services and	e-p <mark>ap</mark> er, lms, sintesa,	ma <mark>nu</mark> ally, although monitoring
	Alumni	digital library	
	Administration	Web sites, hybrid learning,	Already Done well and need the data for
	Support	e-paper, Ims, sintesa,	decision support university leaders
		digital library	
Internalization	Research	-	Faculty performance measurement in
	11		this case relating to product knowledge
	Univ	ersitas	is still done manually
	Development		Implementation of curriculum change
	Curriculum		and development has been done well
	Student services and		The system supports the student
	services and Alumni		services but still need to be improved for the alumni in terms of decision support
	Alullili		for the executive
	Administration	_	Application IS was carried out, but there
	Support		are some things that must be built to
	Cappoit		support the decision
	I		Support the decision

Table 7. Mapping Strategy

Strategy	KM Pilar	Explanation	
Internal	Research	 Increasing cultural competence and research and community service Increasing active as a motivational lecturer speaker in scientific forums Increasing cultural competence and research and community service Increase motivation lecturers write textbooks 	
	Development Curriculum	 Improve the quality of teaching and learning through the SCL approach to e-learning Establish a curriculum that is in line with the demands and needs 	

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Strategy	KM Pilar	Explana <mark>tio</mark> n	
		of a global labor market	
	Student services	Increasing softskil and superior competence	
and Alumni		Improving international communication competence	
	Administration Support	Improving the quality of advice and academic infrastructure Improving the efficiency and effectiveness of utilization assets facilities and infrastructure Improve the effectiveness and organizational culture Solincrease excellent service Improve infrastructure	on of funds
		Developing a website UEU	
	Planning strategy	Application of SPM PT Application of SPM International Standard Improving leadership competencies Improving the welfare of staff and lecture	
External	Research	Enhance institutional cooperation Increase the speaker's motivation for lecturers in scient Carry out research and service activities in the masyaratkat	target area
	Development Curriculum	Increase the speaker's motivation for lecturers in scient	ific forums
	Student services and Alumni	Increase student participation in a variety of scie competitions and sports and arts competitions Enhance institutional cooperation Provide scholarships to prospective student achievement Tightening the new system of student selection Provide special scholarships for students from the region Open access for foreign students Enhance the role of the alumni in various academic act Utilizing a network of graduates in internships and emputilize the Alumni in promotional activities Provide scholarshipsMeningkatkan role of alumni academic activities Utilizing a network of alumni in internships and employmutilize the alumni in promotional activities Provide scholarships	ent on IBT ivities loyment in various
ul	Administration Support	Growing institutional pride Increase the speaker's motivation for lecturers in scient Implement promotional campaigns and special themed Leveraging social media social Provide general assistance and consultancy services	

4. CONCLUSION

This paper proposed a conceptual analysis KM in higher education and identified strategy and knowledge gap. That analysis gap highliights the relationships and interplay between higher education process, KM pilar and theory SECI. In the proposed framework, leadership, and organization are considered as constituent part of higher education process, enabling ICT and KM processes. From a theoretical point of view, the proposed framework gives a first understanding of a methodology for developing a framework for using ICT to

enhance KM in higher education by defining the key issues that should be considered when developing an effective KM framework, while the research agenda highlight new areas for further research that should be tackled to address emerging challenge.

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