

ABSTRACT

Factors Affecting Mother's Action To the Pap Smear Examination As Early Detection Of Cervical Cancer At Clinic Pratama Carolus Cijantung 2017.

Cervical cancer disease each year increases with high mortality, due to low awareness of women to do pap smears. Pap smear coverage at Clinic Pratama Carolus Cijantung is still very low and there has been a decline in the last 3 years. Cervical cancer cases found in Sint Carolus Center Hospital in 2016 as many as 12 people. This study aims to determine the factors that affect the mother's action against the Pap smear examination as an early detection of cervical cancer.

This research is quantitative, using cross sectional study design on factors influencing mother's action against pap smear examination. The sample of study amounted to 217 people, the technique of calculating the sample using a different hypothesis test 2 proportions. Data collection was conducted from June until August 2017 with direct interview using questionnaire. Data analysis was done by using chi-square test.

The result showed that the largest group of respondents was the age 36 – 45 years amounted to 120, high education (Senior high school – College) amounted to 163, income > Rp. 3.500.000,- amounted 113, low knowledge of 121. The result of analysis with chi – square test showed that age, education, income not proved correlation, but knowledge proved strongly correlation with pap smear examination.

It is expected that health officers at Clinic Pratama Carolus Cijantung try to do counseling related to prevention and danger of cervical cancer and approach to society to increase the coverage of pap smear.

Keywords : Pap Smear, Cervical Cancer, Factors influencing mother's action.