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" THE INFLUENCE OF STRATEGY THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DEFICIT CARE, BATHROOM TO INDEPENDENCE CLEANLINESS SELF A PATIENT IN A MENTAL HOSPITAL DR. SOEHARTO HEERDJAN JAKARTA"

7 Chapter xiii + 67 pages + 12 + 9 Appendix Table

ABSTRACT

Strategy is the application of the implementation of the standard care nursing a scheduled in patients with the purpose of reducing problems nursing soul handled and independence mean things or consciousness someone who can stand alone without relying on anyone else. This study aims to identify the influence of strategy the implementation of the deficit care, bathroom to independence cleanliness self patients. Research methodology uses the method quasi experimental with one group pre test and post test without control. Population in this research is all patients the deficit care self. Technique the sample collection is sampling saturated 35 respondents. Data analysis to univariat by using a frequency distribution, bivariat by using test paired t-test. All respondents were the deficit care self (100 %), the majority of respondents was 30-35 years in as many as 19 respondents (54,3 %), women as much as 24 respondents (68,6 %), higher education as many as 20 respondents (57.1 %), work (work as 24 respondents (68,6 %), status married 25 respondents (71,4 %). The results of statistical tests indicate there is a difference ability to pay in independence cleanliness himself before and after in give strategy the implementation of the deficit care self (p & lt; 0,000). It is suggested that the implementation of the nurse exercise a deficit care, bathroom a sustainable as therapy generalis to increase kebesihan self in patients the deficit care self

Keywords: Strategy implementation, self-care deficit: Bathing, personal hygiene

independence

Bibliography: 25 (2005-2015)

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