

## ABSTRACT

**Title** : Relationship between Fat Intake, BCAA (*Branched Chain Amino Acid*), Body Mass Index, Physical Activity and Hypercholesterol at Kebon Jeruk Health Center, West Jakarta

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**Study Program** : Nutrition

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**Background:** Women over 45 years old still experience hypercholesterol which can be influenced by several factors, namely food factors, body mass index, and physical activity. **Objective:** Analyze the Relationship of Fat Intake, BCAA, Body Mass Index, Physical Activity, and Hypercholesterol at Kebon Jeruk Health Center, West Jakarta. **Method:** The type of research used in this study was cross sectional using the Spearman correlation statistical test. The sample of this study was 45-59 years old women as many as 49 respondents. **Results:** Based on the p-value in this study  $p \geq 0.005$  there was no significant relationship between saturated fat, unsaturated fat, BCAA, body mass index, physical activity and hypercholesterol, the correlation coefficient of saturated fat intake has a very weak relationship ( $r = 0.113$ ), PUFA intake has a very weak relationship ( $r = 0.194$ ). MUFA has a very weak relationship ( $r = -0.091$ ), valine has a very weak relationship ( $r = 0.100$ ), isoleucine has a very weak relationship ( $r = 0.097$ ), leucine has a very weak relationship ( $r = -0.004$ ), The Body Mass Index has a weak relationship ( $r = 0.259$ ), physical activity has a very weak relationship ( $r = -0.041$ ). **Conclusion:** there was no significant relationship between saturated fat, unsaturated fat, BCAA, body mass index, physical activity and hypercholesterol intake at Kebon Jeruk Health Center, West Jakarta.

**Keyword:** *Hypercholesterol, Fat Intake, BCAA, Body Mass Index, and Physical Activity*