

UNIVERSITAS ESA UNGGUL
FAKULTAS ILMU-ILMU KESEHATAN
PROGRAM STUDI ILMU KEPERAWATAN

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KHOLISAH
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**“HUBUNGAN MOTIVASI KELUARGA TERHADAP KESADARAN IBU
HAMIL MEMERIKSAKAN KEHAMILAN SEJAK TRIMESTER PERTAMA
DI PUSKESMAS CENGKARENG 2014”**

Xi + 7 Bab + 73 Halaman + 13 Tabel + 6 Lampiran

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : *Antenatal care* bertujuan untuk menjaga ibu agar sehat selama masa kehamilan, persalinan, dan nifas serta mengusahakan bayi yang dilahirkan sehat, untuk itu diperlukan motivasi keluarga kepada ibu hamil agar memiliki kesadaran yang baik untuk memeriksakan kehamilan sejak trimester pertama.

Tujuan Penelitian : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan motivasi keluarga terhadap kesadaran ibu hamil untuk memeriksakan kehamilannya sejak trimester pertama.

Metode Penelitian : Penelitian ini menggunakan desain deskriptif korelatif dengan menggunakan pendekatan *cross sectional*. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah ibu hamil trimester ketiga dengan sampel sebanyak 53 responden menggunakan teknik *non-probability sampling*. Analisa data univariat berupa distribusi frekuensi, analisa bivariat menggunakan uji statistik *Chi Square*.

Hasil penelitian : Hasil analisa univariat yaitu responden dengan usia dewasa awal (58,5%), pendidikan SMA (56,6%), pengetahuan tinggi (75,5%), primigravida (56,6%), jarak tempat tinggal < 1 km (79,2%), dengan keluarga inti (71,7%), motivasi keluarga baik (64,2%), kesadaran memeriksakan kehamilan yang baik (77,4%). Hasil uji statistik menunjukkan ada hubungan yang signifikan antara motivasi keluarga dan kesadaran ibu hamil memeriksakan kehamilan sejak trimester pertama ($p=0,017$; $p< 0,05$).

Kesimpulan : Dalam rangka meningkatkan kesadaran ibu hamil memeriksakan kehamilan sejak trimester pertama, diharapkan dari Puskesmas untuk meningkatkan kualitas pelayanan *Antenatal Care* dan mendukung motivasi keluarga secara terus-menerus

Kata Kunci : *Antenatal Care*, Ibu hamil, Motivasi keluarga
Daftar Pustaka : 27 (2003-2012)

**ESA UNGGUL UNIVERSITY
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KHOLISAH
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**“MOTIVATION FAMILY RELATIONSHIP OF CONSCIOUSNESS
ANTENATAL PREGNANT SINCE THE FIRST TRIMESTER IN HEALTH
CENGKARENG 2014”**

Xi + 7 chapter + 73 pages + 13 table + 6 appendixes

ABSTRACT

Background: Antenatal care aims is to maintain mothers health during pregnancy, childbirth, and postpartum. Its also endeavour to make the baby who was born healthy. Therefore, the motivation from their families is necessary to support pregnant women in order to have a good awareness to check their pregnancy since the first trimester.

Objective: The aim of this study is to determine the relationship of family motivation to pregnant women in order to check their pregnancy since the first trimester.

Methods: This study used a descriptive correlative design using cross sectional approach . The population in this study is the third- trimester pregnant women with a sample of 53 respondents using non - probability sampling technique .Univariate analysis of the data in the form of frequency distributions, bivariate analysis using Chi Square statistical test.

Results: The results of univariate analysis are respondents with early adulthood (58.5 %), high school education (56.6 %), high knowledge (75.5 %), primigravida (56.6 %), distance of residence <1 km (79.2 %), with nuclear families (71.7 %), a good family motivation (64.2 %), awareness of good prenatal care (77.4 %). Statistical test results showed that there are the significant relationship between family motivation and awareness of pregnant women during their pregnancy from the first trimester ($p = 0.017$; $p < 0.05$).

Conclusion: In order to increase awareness of pregnant women to check their pregnancy from the first trimester is expected from health centers to improve the quality of care Antenatal Care and support family motivation continuously.

Keywords : Antenatal Care, Pregnant Women, Families Motivation

Bibliography : 27 (2003-2012)