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FAMILY SUPPORT RESPONSE RELATIONSHIP WITH ANXIOUS SCHOOL AGE CHILDREN (6-12 YEARS) OF FITTING INTRAVENOUS LIKE INFUSION EKA HOSPITAL IN SOUTH TANGERANG 2014

xiv + 7 Bab + 82 + 10 pages + 7 Table

ABSTRACT

Background : Anxiety is a situation that is perceived by the individual feelings of discomfort due to autonomous nerve system activity in response to a non-specific threat, usually no obvious cause or unknown source. Survey conducted by researchers in September 2013, obtained the number of patients from January until September 2013 was 10.685 patients. We conducted interviews with 10 school-age children (6-12 years) were treated in October of 2013, there were 8 of the 10 children who arrive in the ER Eka Hospital for treatment expressed dismay when will be the installation of the maintenance infusion. Of these phenomena indicate that the installation of intravenous cause anxiety in children. So dibutuhkanya effort to minimize the feeling of pain and anxiety that often accompany the child while nursing actions performed in the hospital.

Objective: The aim of this researcher identified hubungn support families with children aged sekloah anxious response (6-12 years) the installation of intravenous like infusion in South Tangerang Eka Hospital in 2014.

Methods: The sample used was a child patient in the ER Eka Hospital South Tangerang total of 88 pediatric patients with non- probability sampling techniques and types of purposive sampling. Using the Chi-Square statistical test using a Likert Scale.

Research Result: Most school-age children (6-12 years) with a high response to mounting anxiety that intravenous 29 children (36,2 %), whereas of the 35 children with low anxiety responses to intravenous installation there are 9 children (11,5 %) with a low family support. With a $P_{value} = 0,001$ (p < 0,05) relationship with anxious school age children (6-12 years) of fitting intravenous.

Conclusion: To be more sensitive and have an understanding of the importance of family support on any intervention that will be given especially in pediatric patients and involve ukungan for intervention to minimize the child's anxious response to the actions of the dreaded treatments such as intravenous installation.

Keywords : Family Support, Child Anxiety

Bibliography : 25 (2002-2013)