NURSING SCIENCE STUDY PROGRAMME FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCE ESA UNGGUL UNIVERSITY Skripsi, Mei 2015

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"THE CORELLATION OF COPING MECHANISM AGAINS ANXIETY **LEVEL THIRD QUARTER OF PREGNANT** WOMEN **WITH HYPERTENSION** OF LABORAT IN THE **FACE PUSKESMAS** KECAMATAN KEBON JERUK"

xv + 7 bab + 80 pages + 15tabels + 4 charts + 8 Attachments

ABSTRACT

Background: Hypertension in pregnancy a large toll of maternal and infant ranges from 9.8% to 25.5% while 42.2% of infant deaths. Pregnancy complicated by stressor can be a source of anxiety in the face of labor.

Research Purposes: Identifying Relationship Anxiety Coping Mechanisms to level the third trimester pregnant women with hypertensionin the face of labor in subdistrict Puskesmas Kebon Jeruk

Research Methods: This research uses descriptive analytical method with cross sectional approach, using a tatistical test Chi-Square. Dengan p< α (0.05) by using purposive sampling counted 32 pregnant women in puskesmas kebon jeruk

Research Result : the results showed $P<\alpha$ (0.05), there is a relationship between coping mechanism against anxiety level sof pregnant women.

Conclusions: for health care, especially nurses should be able to facilitate client sin improving maladaptive coping mechanisms.

Keywords: Coping Mechanism, Anxiety, Pregnant with hypertension

Bibliography: 30 (2004-2014)