

ABSTRACT

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RELATED KNOWLEDGE AND ATTITUDES ADDITIONAL MATERIAL USE FOOD (BTP) TO KNOW THAT IS NOT SOLD IN THE MARKET AREA IN PADANG KOTO TANGAH 2016

CHAPTER 6, 68 pages, 13 tables, 16 Appendix

The number of cases of food poisoning that occurs in the community at this time indicates wrongdoing on the part of society in processing and preserving foods consumed. This is because the culture of food processing less attention to nutritional value, lack of knowledge as well as economic pressures. Thus the problem of the fulfillment and processing of foodstuffs with either overlooked. This study aimed to analyze the relationship between knowledge and attitudes to the use of food additives in the know were not sold out (trace) in the District of Koto Tangah Padang Year 2016. This type of research is descriptive quantitative with cross sectional approach. Mechanical Sampling was done by sampling saturated (census), with sales respondents knew at the Regional Market Koto Tangah Padang 2016. Bivariat test using chi-square. The results showed no correlation between knowledge sellers know the behavior of the use of food additives in the know were not sold in the market area is Koto Tangah Padang (p-value 0896) and the absence of a relationship attitude seller knows the behavior of the use of food additives in the know are not sold out (p-value 0.177). By conducting Training of Trainers (TOT) on food safety and follows the extension of the Good Food Production Way (CPPB) as well as the practice of the use of food additives is expected to increase the knowledge of the seller against the use of food additives.

Keywords: BTP, food poisoning, preservation, Training of Trainers (TOT), Food Processing