ABSTRACT



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## Difference in Addition of Mulligan's Mobilization With Movement Techniques in Implementation of Close Kinetic Chain Exercise on Improved Joint Mobility and Decreased Disability in Knee Osteoarthritis

Consists of VI Chapter, 95 Pages, 11 Tables, 10 Images, 3 Grafik, 9 Appendix

Objective : To find out the difference of effect of addition of MWM technique on application of close kinetic chain exercise to increase joint mobility and decrease of disability in case of knee osteoarthritis. Methods : This study was a type of quasi experimental study. Samples were chosen based on purposive sampling technique. Group I treatment with close kinetic chain exercise, treatment group II with close kinetic chain and MWM exercises. Treatment group I was measured using goniometer before intervention have value and standar deviation 94,62±15,06 and after intervention 117,23±8,85 and using WOMAC score before intervention have value 56,46±14,7 and after intervention 29,38±10,22 while treatment group II with using goniometer 90,77±14,12 and after intervention 128±5,15 and while for measured using WOMAC before intervention 58,38±13,58 and after intervention 17,7±6,73. Result : Normality test with shapiro wilk test was obtained with normal diffusion data while homogenity test with Levene's test got homogenous data. The result of hypothesis test I and II with paired sample t-test was obtained p = 0.0001and hypothesis test III with independent sample t-test shows the value of p = 0,001for the increase of joint mobility and p value = 0,002 for disability degradation. **Conclusion** : There is a significant difference in the addition of MWM technique to the application of close kinetic chain exercise to increased joint mobility and decreased disability in cases of knee osteoarthritis.

Keywords : knee osteoarthritis, MWM, close kinetic chain exercise.

