



# **AACSB International**

## **Introduction to Accreditation**

**By : MF. Arrozi**

# Agenda

- Accreditation Philosophy and themes
- Process and timeline
- Eligibility criteria
- Standards overview
- Useful links
- Q&A

# AACSB Accreditation Philosophy

- Mission-driven
- Emphasis on high quality and continuous improvement
- Self assessment & peer review
- Reviewers trained and knowledgeable on accreditation standards and processes
- Standards are guidelines, not a checklist
- Engagement, Innovation and Impact – 3 accreditation themes
- 15 accreditation standards

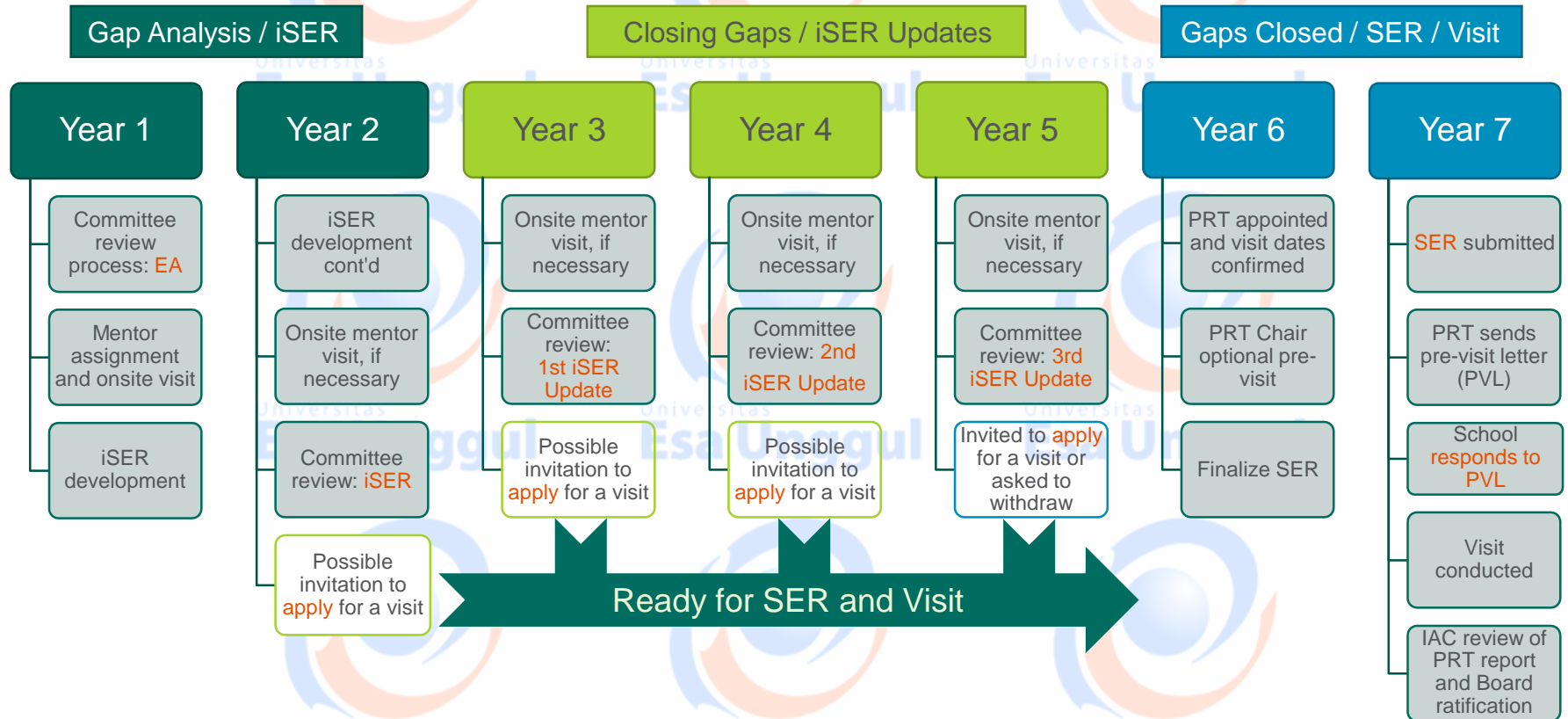
# Multiple levels of Peer Review

- Operational Committees –
  - **Initial Accreditation Committee (IAC)**
  - Continuous Improvement Review Committee (CIRC)
  - Accounting Accreditation Committee (AAC)
- **Mentor** for initial accreditation
- **Peer Review Team** – 3 members: PRT Chair & 2 other members

# What are the main accreditation submissions a school should be aware of & estimated timeline?

1. Eligibility application *per committee meeting date*
2. initial Self Evaluation Report (iSER) *up to 2 years*
3. 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, or 3<sup>rd</sup> iSER Update *up to 3 years*
4. Application for Initial PRT Visit
5. final Self Evaluation Report (SER) *2 years*
6. Response to Pre-visit Letter

# Initial Accreditation Journey



# Eligibility Criteria – A, B, C

*Demonstrating commitment to Core Values and Guiding Principles*

**A: Ethical Behavior**

*Establish a fundamental expectation*

**B: Collegiate Environment**

*Support learning & scholarship, engagement, shared governance*

**C: Commitment to Corporate and Social Responsibility**

*Foster responsibility in society*

# Eligibility Criteria – D, E, F

*Setting and framing the foundation for review*

**D:** Accreditation Scope and AACSB Membership

*Scope of accreditation and criteria*

**E:** Oversight, Sustainability, and Continuous Improvement

*Foundations for accreditation review*

**F:** Policy on Continued Adherence to Standards and Integrity of Submissions to AACSB

*Integrity and understanding of 7 year timeline to meet standards*



# Eligibility Criteria - Faculty Composition and Research Activity

## PART IV - Faculty Composition and Research Activity

1. Complete the following table, providing the aggregate number of faculty members in each category. The areas listed should reflect the organizational structure of the school's faculty (e.g., departments, disciplines). *Do not list by individual faculty member.*

Departments/ Disciplines	Faculty						
	Full-Time			Part-Time			Total
	Doctoral	Master's	Bachelor's	Doctoral	Master's	Bachelor's	
<b>Total</b>							

*Insert additional rows as needed*

2. Based on AACSB's standards focusing on faculty qualifications and sufficiency discuss the school's plan to align with faculty qualifications and deployment standards.

## Research and Intellectual Contributions

3. Provide the aggregate number of faculty who have produced research and intellectual contributions in the following categories over the past five years. *Do not indicate any individual faculty member.*

- \_\_\_\_\_ Published research articles in Peer Review Journals
- \_\_\_\_\_ Presented intellectual contributions at academic/professional conferences or meetings
- \_\_\_\_\_ Contributed to the writing of cases, textbooks, or monographs.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Competitive research awards received
- \_\_\_\_\_ Other teaching materials or intellectual contributions (specify types)

4. AACSB's standards expect faculty at accredited institutions to be actively engaged in research. Provide an overview of the current culture for faculty research and scholarly activities along with plans going forward to align the school's portfolio of intellectual contributions to its mission.

## Criterion D: Scope of Accreditation

- Entity to be reviewed: Institution or business academic unit?
- **Institutional accreditation is the default**
- A business school may apply to be the unit of accreditation
- The unit of accreditation must be approved prior to the submission of Eligibility Application
- Satisfy unit criteria: 1) Branding 2) External market perception, 3) Financial relationships with the institution 4) Business academic unit autonomy

# For schools applying to be the unit of accreditation

## 0. Unit of accreditation

*per committee meeting date*

---

### 1. Eligibility application

*per committee meeting date*

### 2. initial Self Evaluation Report (iSER) *up to 2 years*

### 3. 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, or 3<sup>rd</sup> iSER Update *up to 3 years*

### 4. Application for Initial PRT Visit

### 5. final Self Evaluation Report (SER) *2 years*

### 6. Response to Pre-visit Letter

# AACSB Accreditation Standards

**Strategic Management  
and Innovation (3)**

**Learning and Teaching  
(5)**

**Participants: Students,  
Faculty and Professional  
Staff (4)**

**Academic and  
Professional  
Engagement (3)**

# AACSB Accreditation Standards

## Strategic Management and Innovation

1. Mission, Impact, and Innovation
2. Intellectual Contributions and Alignment With Mission
3. Financial Strategies and Allocation of Resources

## Learning and Teaching

8. Assurance of Learning
9. Curriculum Content
10. Student-Faculty Interactions
11. Degree Program Educational Level, Structure, and Equivalence
12. Teaching Effectiveness

## Participants: Students, Faculty and Professional Staff

4. Student Admissions, Progression, and Career Development
5. Faculty Sufficiency and Deployment
6. Faculty Management and Support
7. Professional Staff Sufficiency and Deployment

## Academic and Professional Engagement

13. Academic and Professional Engagement
14. Executive Education
15. Faculty Qualifications and Engagement

# Useful Links

## Resource

## Link

Eligibility application form

<https://www.aacsb.edu/-/media/aacsb/docs/accreditation/eligibility%20application%20-%20process/business-eligibility-application-april2017.ashx?la=en>

Standards (now contains samples of Tables)

<https://www.aacsb.edu/accreditation/standards/business>

Actions and Timeframe policy – Process

<https://www.aacsb.edu/-/media/aacsb/docs/accreditation/policies/actions-time-frame-policy.ashx?la=en>

Unit of accreditation application form

<https://www.aacsb.edu/-/media/aacsb/docs/accreditation/misc%20forms%20and%20documentation/application-unit-of-accreditation.ashx?la=en>

Initial accreditation - key submission guidelines and templates

<https://www.aacsb.edu/accreditation/business/initial-accreditation>

Useful events

<https://www.aacsb.edu/events/seminars/business-accreditation> (Business Accreditation Seminar)

<https://www.aacsb.edu/events/seminars/aol-one> (Assurance of Learning I Seminar)

Committee meeting dates

<https://www.aacsb.edu/volunteers/accreditation>

# Faculty Qualifications and Engagement

## Sustained engagement activities

Academic  
(Research/Scholarly)

Applied/Practice

Initial  
academic  
preparation  
and  
professional  
experience

Significant  
professional  
experience

Scholarly Practitioners (SP)	Instructional Practitioners (IP)
Scholarly Academics (SA)	Practice Academics (PA)

Doctoral  
degree

$SA + PA + SP + IP \geq 90\%$

$SA + PA + SP \geq 60\%$

$SA \geq 40\%$

# Assurance of Learning – closing the loop

Step 1: Develop Learning Goals

Step 2: Develop Objectives

Step 3: Development of measurement, rubric

Step 4: Collect data/measure

Step 5: Analyze data

Step 6: Identify curriculum improvements

Step 7: Implement agreed upon improvements

Loop is closed – with closing the loop twice in 5 years



# Flowchart linking AoL to Curriculum Management

- Show how AoL feeds into curriculum management process
- Show how key groups in curriculum management are connected, e.g. Teaching & Learning Committee, Industry Advisory group, Program Committee, AoL committee etc.

# Who is AACSB?

## Communities We Serve

Business  
Business Schools  
Learners  
Society



Americas  
Europe, Middle East, and Africa  
Asia Pacific



## Mission

We foster engagement, accelerate innovation, and amplify impact in business education.



## Vision

Transforming business education for global prosperity.



## Values

Quality • Diversity and Inclusion • Global Mindset • Ethics • Social Responsibility • Community

## Volunteer-driven

Accreditation • Speakers • Subject Matter Experts • Thought Leaders • Councils and Committees  
Focus Groups • Special Projects

# Who is AACSB?



## Areas of Strategic Focus



**Business  
Education Alliance**



**Quality Assurance and Quality  
Improvement (Accreditation)**



**Business Education  
Intelligence**



**Advocacy and  
Awareness**



**Professional  
Development**



## Enablers

Strategic Planning • Finance • Governance • Technology • Diverse Talent



**1,579** member business schools  
in **100** countries and territories



**816** accredited schools in **53** countries  
and territories

*(less than 5% of the estimated number of schools  
offering business degrees worldwide)*



**AACSB**  
**ACCREDITED**  
Accounting

**186** accounting-accredited programs  
in **7** countries and territories



**77** corporate/foundation/non-profit members in **14** countries and territories

Estimated **40.1 billion USD** combined operating budget, averaging **25.9 million USD** per school\*

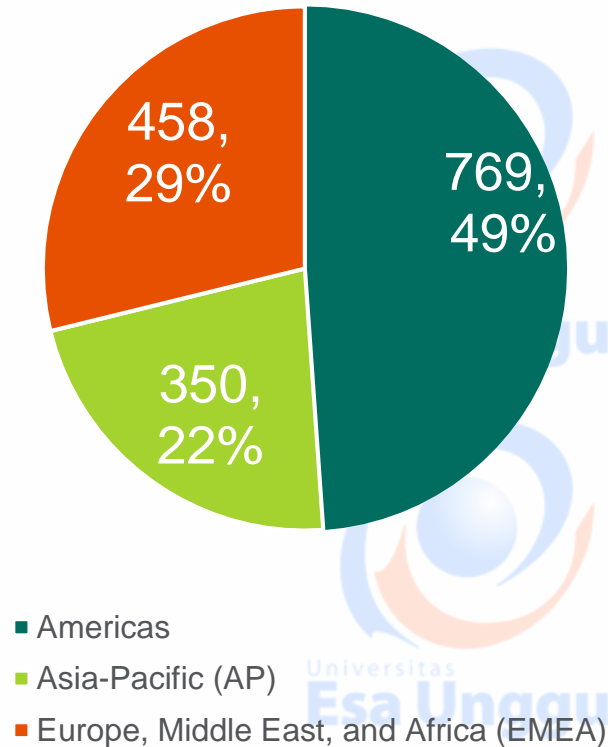
Approximately **142,399** full-time equivalent (FTE) faculty and approximately **4.25 million** enrolled students\*

\*Estimates based on the 797 respondents to the 2016-17 Business School Questionnaire, reporting combined operating budget of 20.7 billion USD, 73,362 FTE faculty, and 2.19 million enrolled students.

# Members and Accredited Member Schools By Region

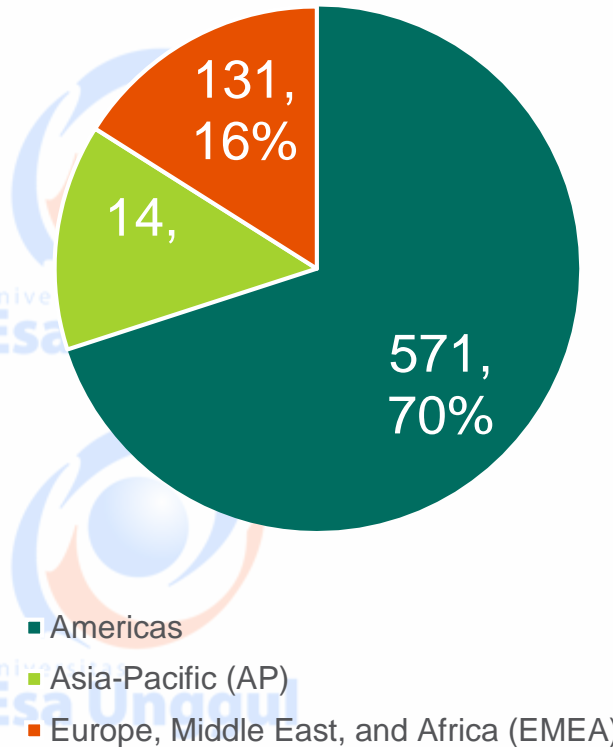
Educational Members

As of 30 June 2018.



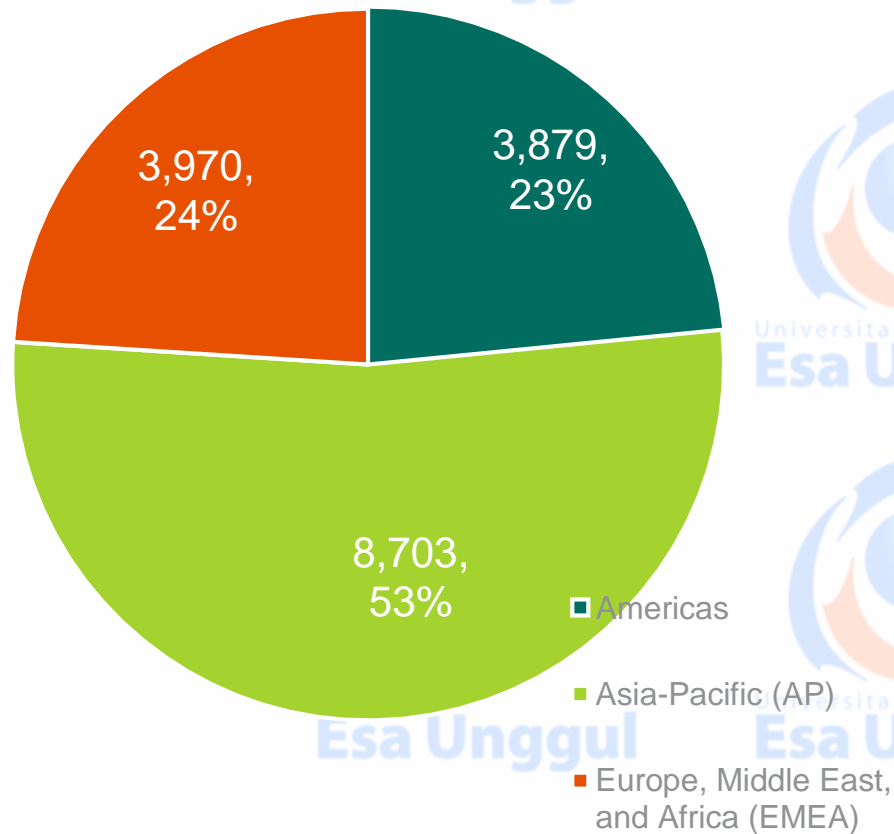
Accredited Members

As of 30 June 2018.

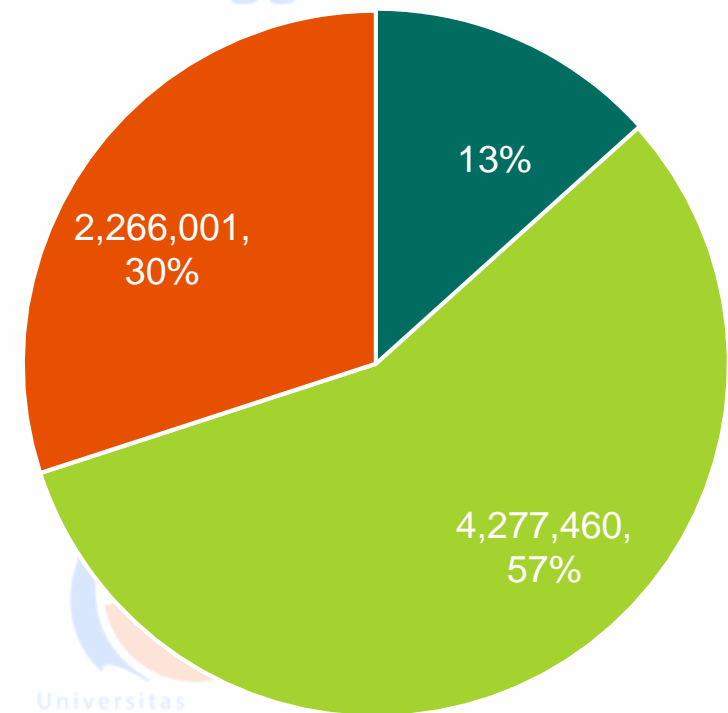


# Estimated Number of Schools With Business Programs and Estimated Population

Estimated Number Of Schools With Business Degree Programs



Estimated 2017 Population (in thousands)



# Top Ten Countries or Territories In Asia-Pacific By Estimated Number of Schools With Business Programs

Country or Territory	Estimated Number of Schools with Business Programs	Percentage of Asia-Pacific's Schools Estimated with Business Programs	Estimated Population (thousands)	Percentage of Asia-Pacific's Population
India	3,902	43.6%	1,309,054	29.4%
Philippines	1,259	14.1%	101,716	2.3%
China	1,082	12.1%	1,397,029	31.3%
Indonesia	992	11.1%	258,162	5.8%
South Korea	240	2.7%	50,594	1.1%
Japan	223	2.5%	127,975	2.9%
Thailand	138	1.5%	68,658	1.5%
Taiwan	137	1.5%	23,486	0.5%
Pakistan	99	1.1%	189,381	4.2%
Kazakhstan	92	1.0%	17,750	0.4%



## Sub-Region: Southeast Asia

Location	AACSB Members	AACSB-Accredited	In Accreditation Process
Brunei	2	0	1
Indonesia	22	1	3
Malaysia	21	4	6
Philippines	5	1	0
Singapore	5	3	1
Thailand	15	4	4
Vietnam	4	0	0

A VUCA World ...

And Also ...

**Volatility**

**Global**

**Uncertainty**

**Competitive**

**Complexity**

**Ambiguity**

# Trends in Business and Society

## Demographics

- Aging population
- Regional differences
- Declining college age population in many countries
- Urbanization
- Changing preferences
  - Working longer
  - Specialization
  - Public service



# UN Population Projections (in thousands)

World



- Age 15-24: 1,194,505
- Age 25-59: 3,351,969
- Age 15-24: 1,243,830
- Age 25-59: 3,703,359

Age 15-24: 4.13% Growth

Age 25-59: 10.48% Growth

Source: United Nations DESA / Population Division

# Population Forecasts

## Countries With Greatest Percent Projected Growth, Age 15-24

**Democratic Republic of the Congo**  
**44%**  
**Uganda**  
**41%**  
**United Republic of Tanzania**  
**40%**  
**Nigeria**  
**36%**  
**Afghanistan**  
**34%**  
**Kenya**  
**30%**  
**Sudan**  
**28%**  
**Iraq**  
**27%**  
**Ethiopia**  
**22%**  
**Egypt**  
**13%**

(min. projected population of 20 million)

## Countries With Greatest Percent Projected Decline, Age 15-24

**-28% Republic of Korea**  
**-17% Poland**  
**-14% Malaysia**  
**-13% Vietnam**  
**-13% Germany**  
**-12% Thailand**  
**-12% China**  
**-12% Ukraine**  
**-10% Brazil**  
**-9% Uzbekistan**

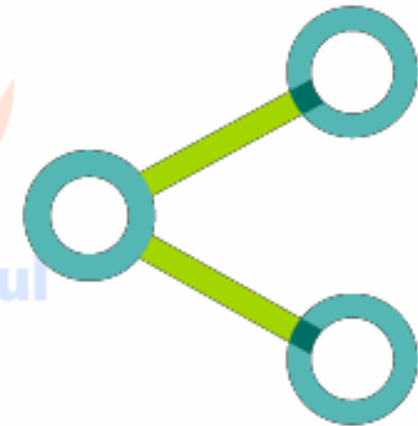
(min. projected population of 20 million)

Source: United Nations DESA / Population Division

# Trends in Business and Society

## Technology and Pace of Change Related

- Educational delivery changes
  - MOOCs/Digital Learning
- Jobs of the Future:
  - Automation/Artificial Intelligence
  - Knowledge versus application versus synthesis
  - Soft skills
  - The Gig Economy
- Preparing business leaders for change



# The Impact of Automation

The New Normal

99%

Tax Preparers

.03%

Mental Health  
Workers

# Trends in Business and Society

## Globalization and Localization

- Rise of the global citizen
- Diverse consumers want to do business with diverse companies
- Need to understand how to run increasingly globalized organizations
- Reverse trend towards nationalization and local regulation





# Business Schools Today ...

## STRENGTHS

- Creation of knowledge and intellectual property
- Experts in pedagogy and qualified faculty
- Leaders within academe in management and business models
- Innovation in programming
- Force for good in society
- Sharing of best practices

## WEAKNESSES

- Financial pressures and constraints
- Perception that business school is not connected to business practice
- Ability to innovate constrained in certain academic settings and silos
- Shortages of academically qualified faculty but also the need for faculty with relevant practical knowledge
- Difficulty to keep up with technological change

## OPPORTUNITIES

- Catalysts of innovation
- Co-creators of knowledge/Demand for evidence-based knowledge in business
- Lifelong learning
- Leadership development
- Enablers of shared prosperity: restoring trust in business

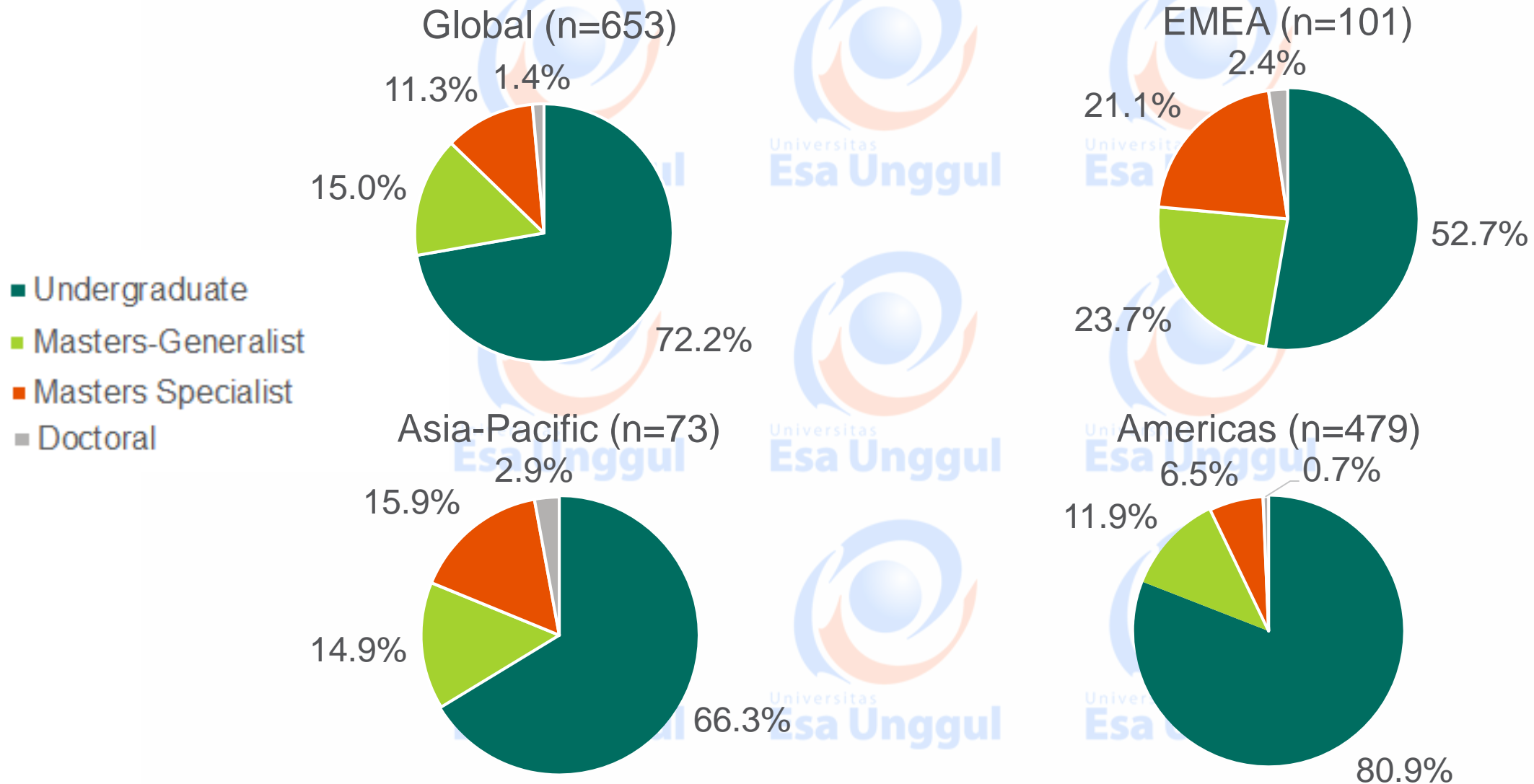
## THREATS

- Demographic changes
- Rapid technological advances
- Alternative qualifications
- Consumers demanding higher quality service
- Globalization and localization
- Demand for proof of ROI
- Crisis of trust

# Business Schools Tommorrow ...

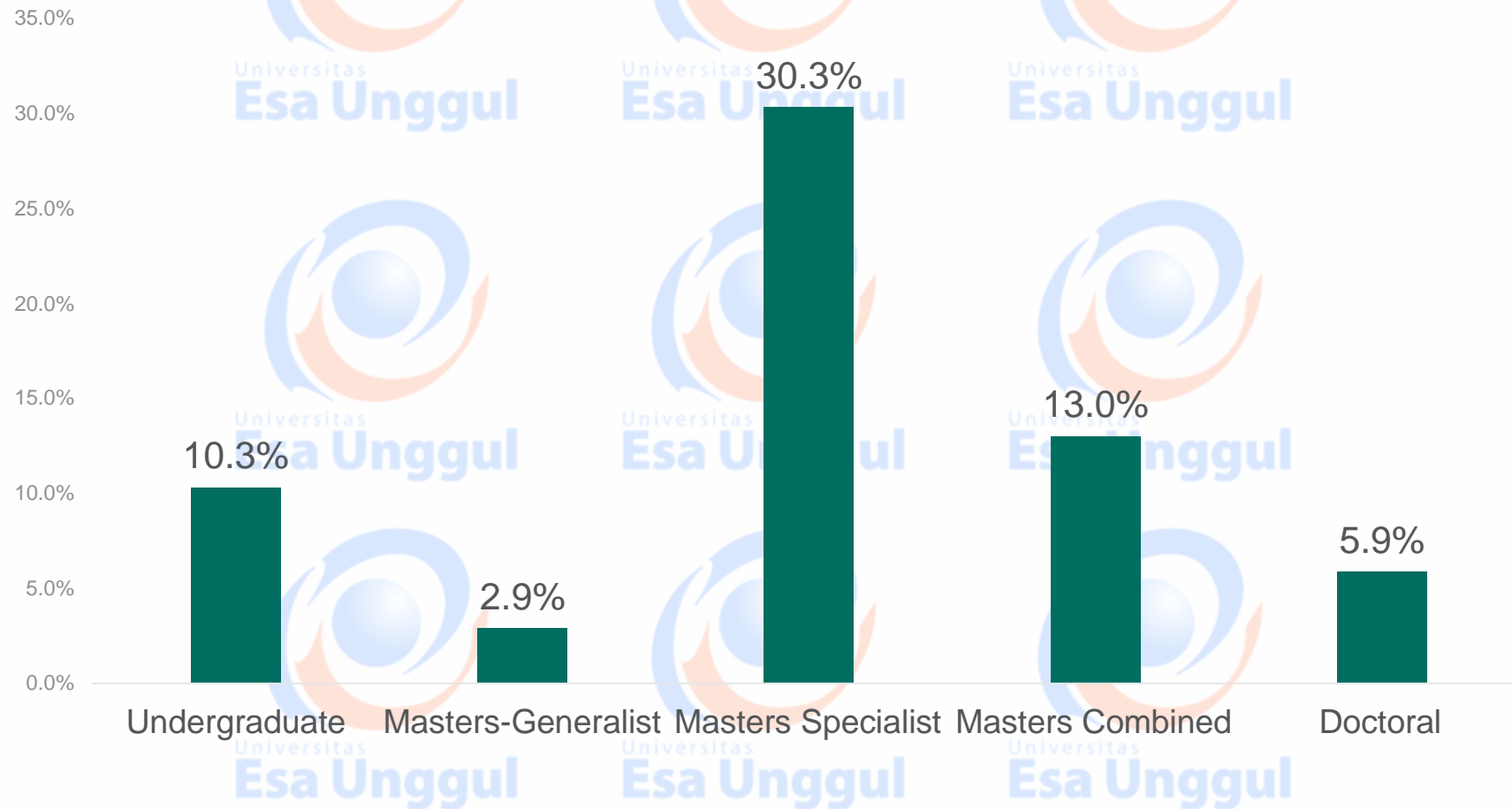


# AACSB Accredited Enrollment Distribution – 2016-17

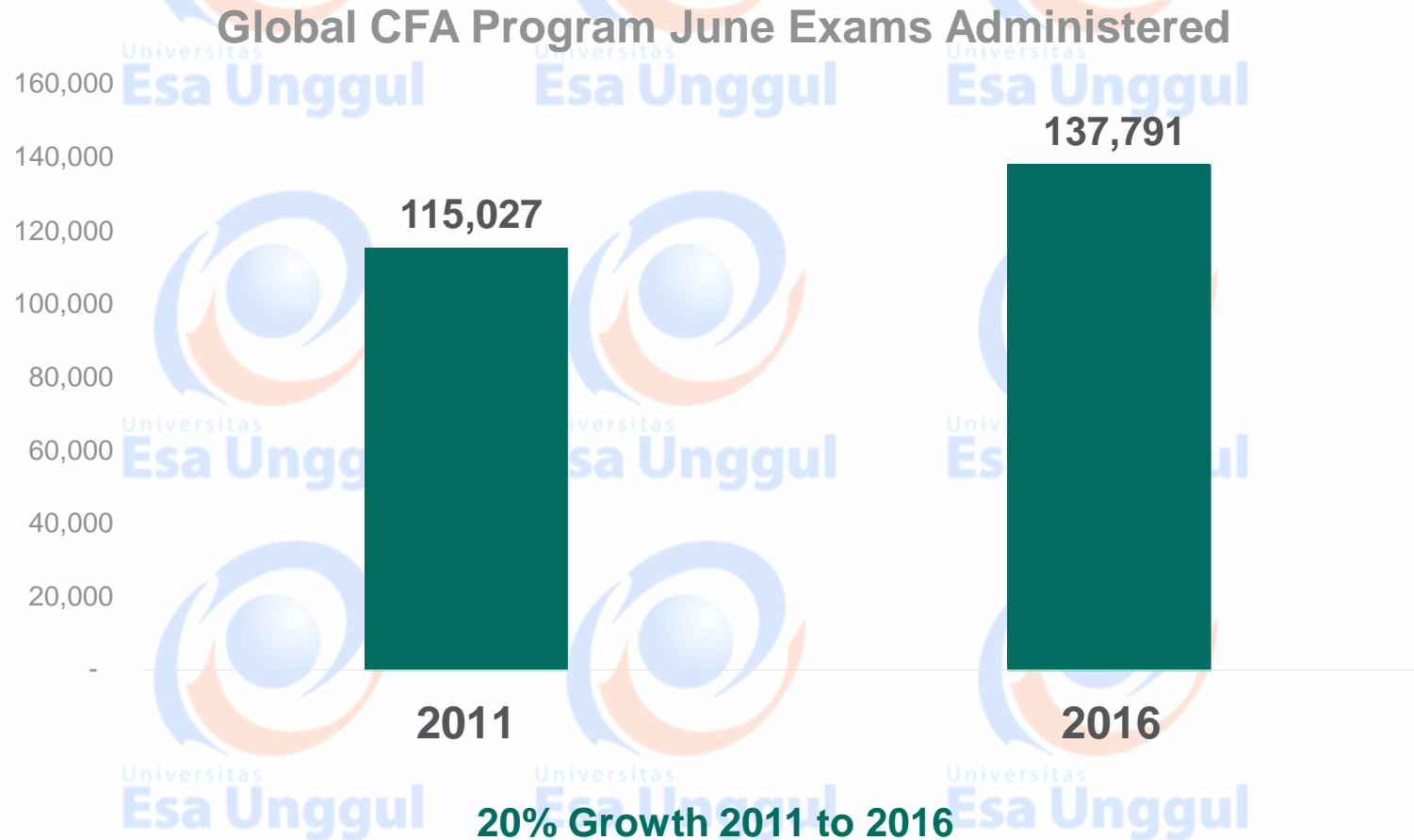


# AACSB Accredited Enrollment Growth

Enrollment Growth 2011-12 and 2016-17  
Controlled set of AACSB Accredited Schools (n=558)



# Specialty Certification Comparison

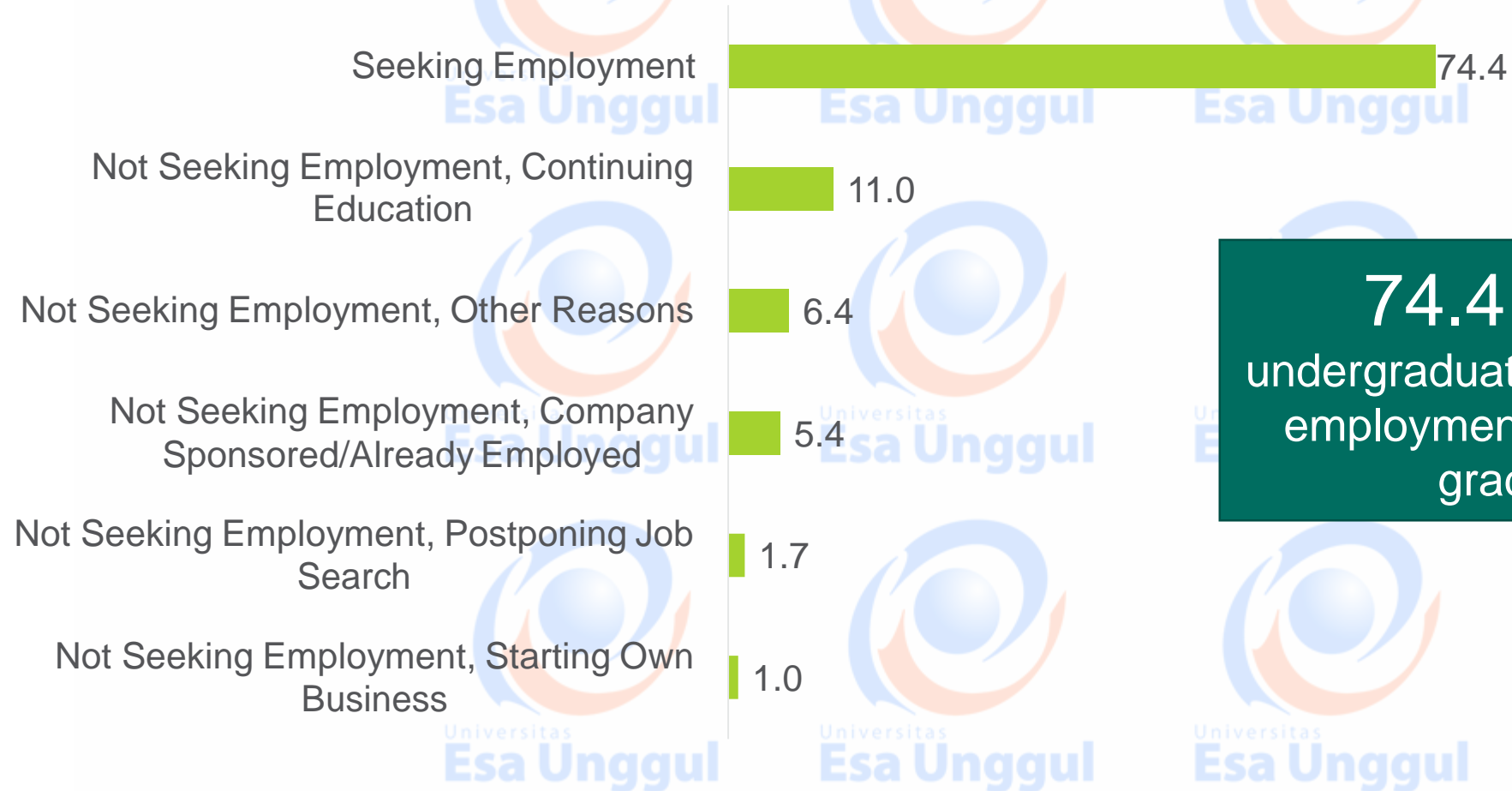


# Percentage of Disciplines Offered in Undergraduate Programs

Discipline	% Offered	Discipline	% Offered	Discipline	% Offered
<b>Accounting</b>	<b>65.0</b>	<b>Finance</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>Other</b>	<b>23.2</b>
Behavioral Science	1.1	<b>General Business</b>	<b>51.0</b>	Operations Management	8.6
Business		Hospital Administration	3.0	Public Administration	1.6
Communications	1.6	Restaurant Management	7.4	Quantitative Methods	2.4
Business Education	1.8	<b>HR Management</b>	<b>19.8</b>	Real Estate	6.4
Business Ethics	0.4	Insurance	5.4	Statistics	2.5
Business Law	4.4	<b>International Business</b>	<b>34.0</b>	Strategic Management	1.1
<b>CIS/MIS</b>	<b>38.2</b>	<b>Management</b>	<b>58.1</b>	<b>Supply Chain/Logistics</b>	<b>14.9</b>
e-Business	1.1	<b>Marketing</b>	<b>56.9</b>	Taxation	0.8
<b>Economics</b>	<b>37.4</b>	Operations Research	0.5		
<b>Entrepreneurship</b>	<b>21.7</b>				

Source: AACSB Business School Questionnaire (2016-17)

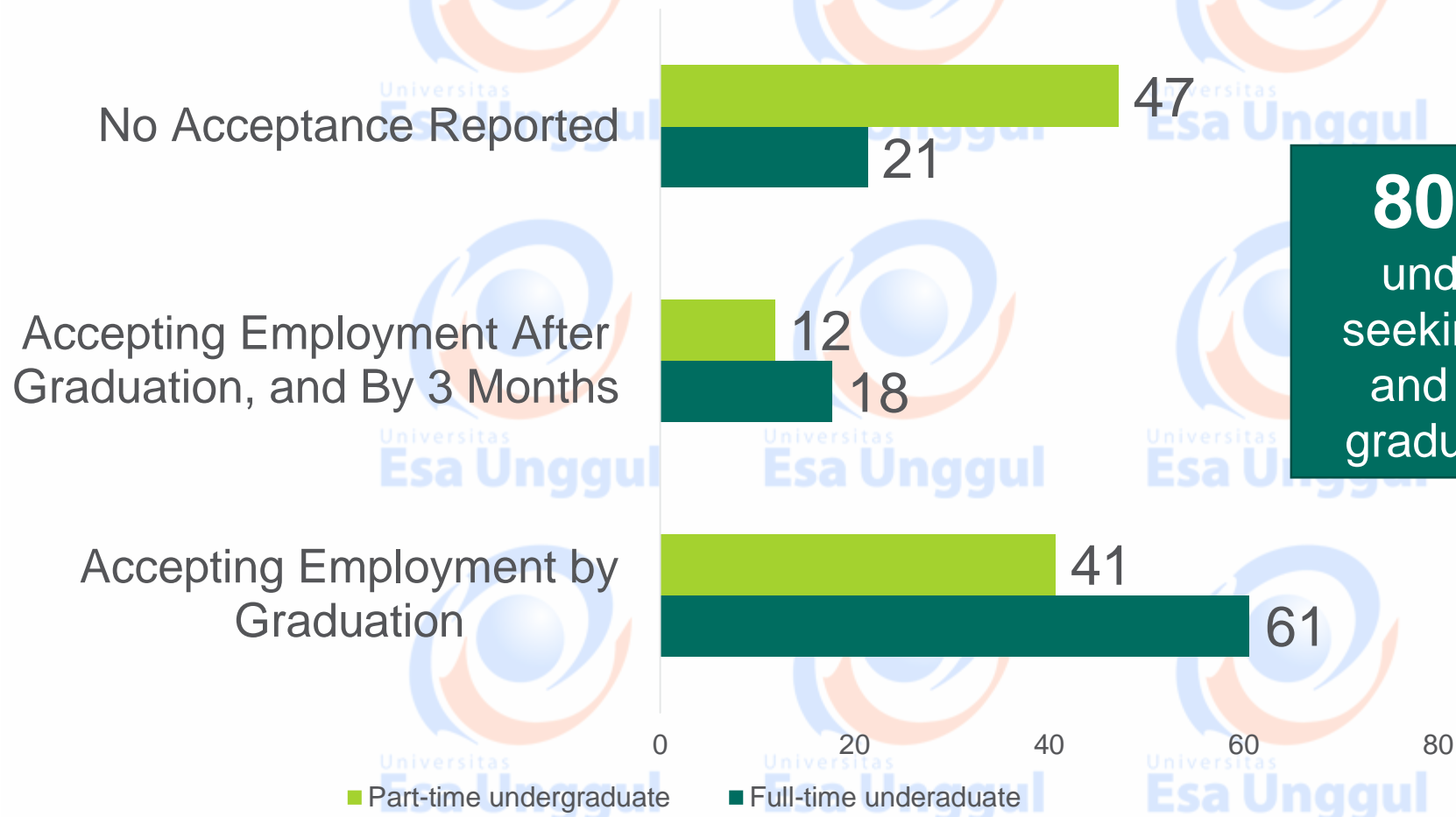
# Undergraduate Post Graduation Plans



74.4 percent of undergraduates were seeking employment at the time of graduation



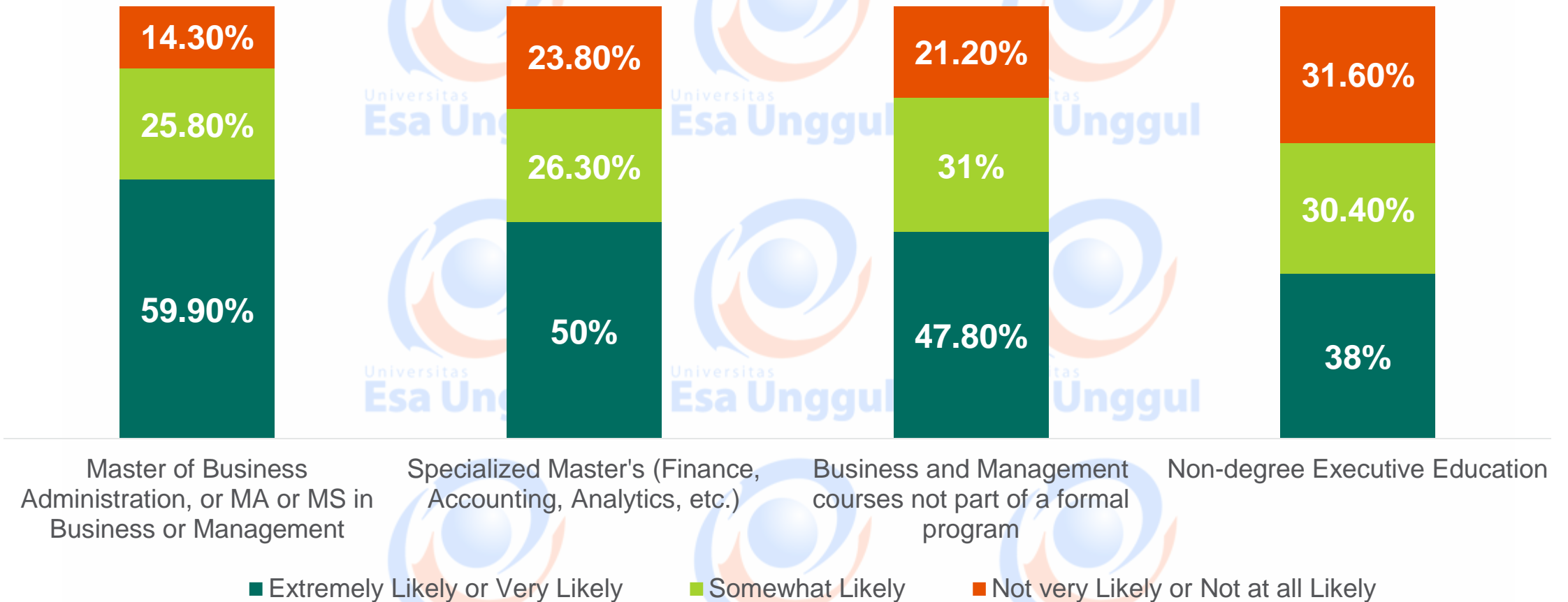
# Percentage of Undergraduates Accepting Employment Amongst Those Who Sought Employment



**80** percent of the full-time undergraduates who were seeking employment received and accepted a job offer by graduation or within 3 months



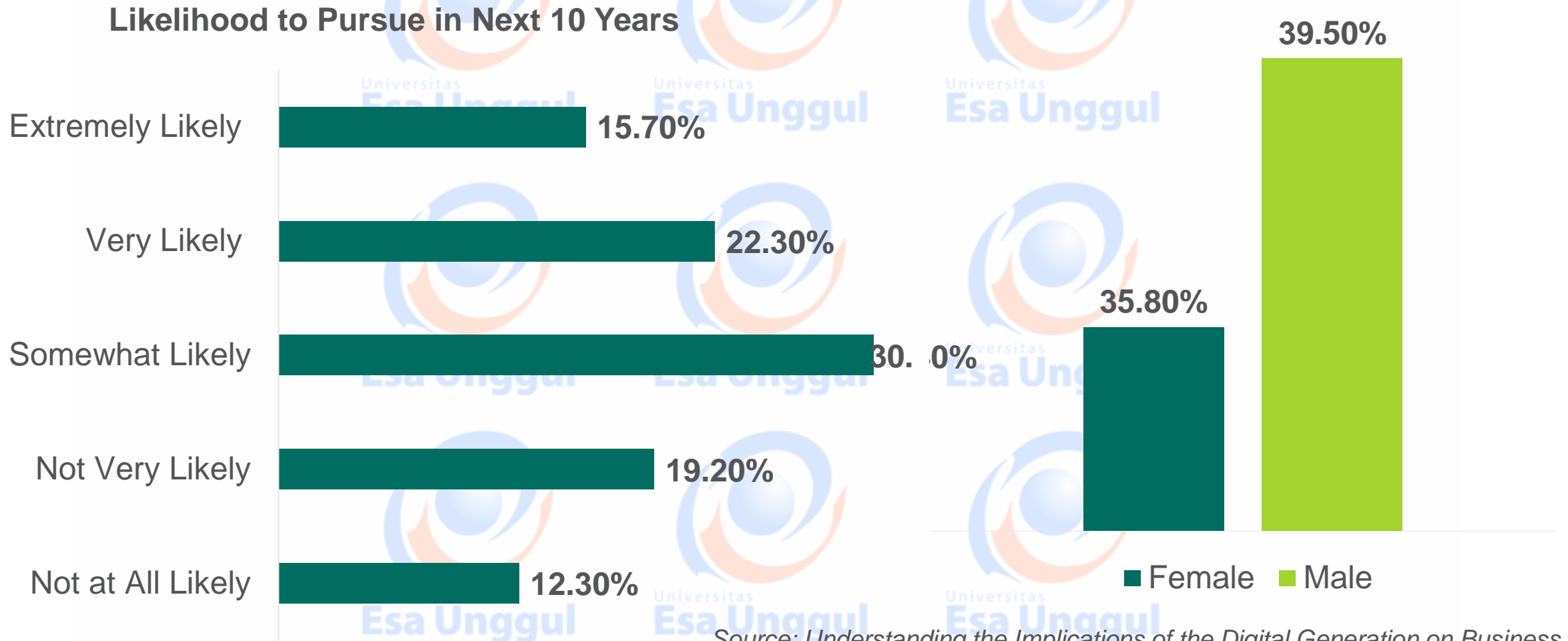
# Likelihood of Enrolling in the Next 10 Years



Source: Understanding the Implications of the Digital Generation on Business Education. Phase 3: Attitudes and Usage Study, 2017

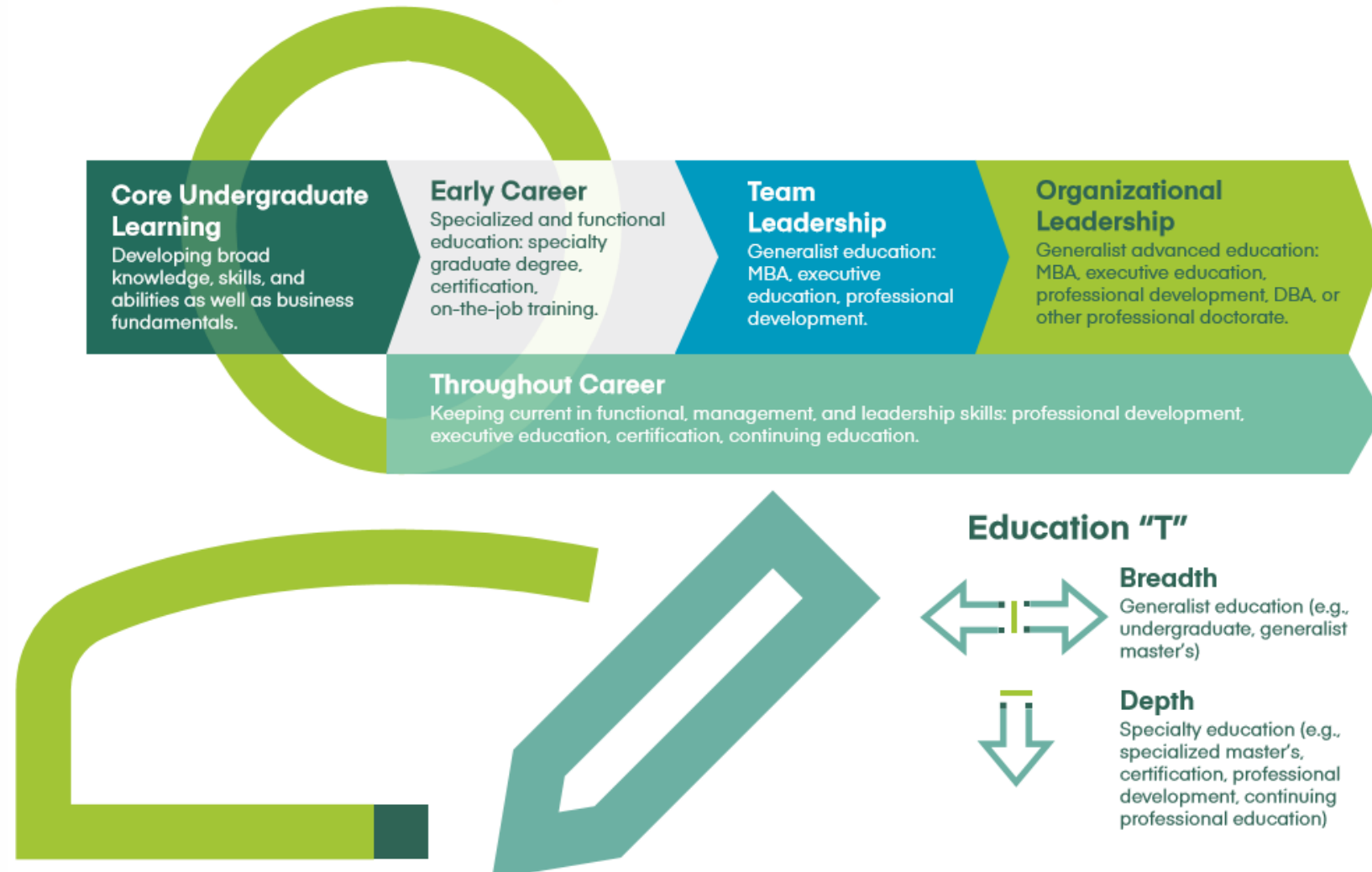
# Non-Degree Executive Education

Likelihood to Pursue in Next 10 Years  
(Extremely Likely and Very Likely) by Gender

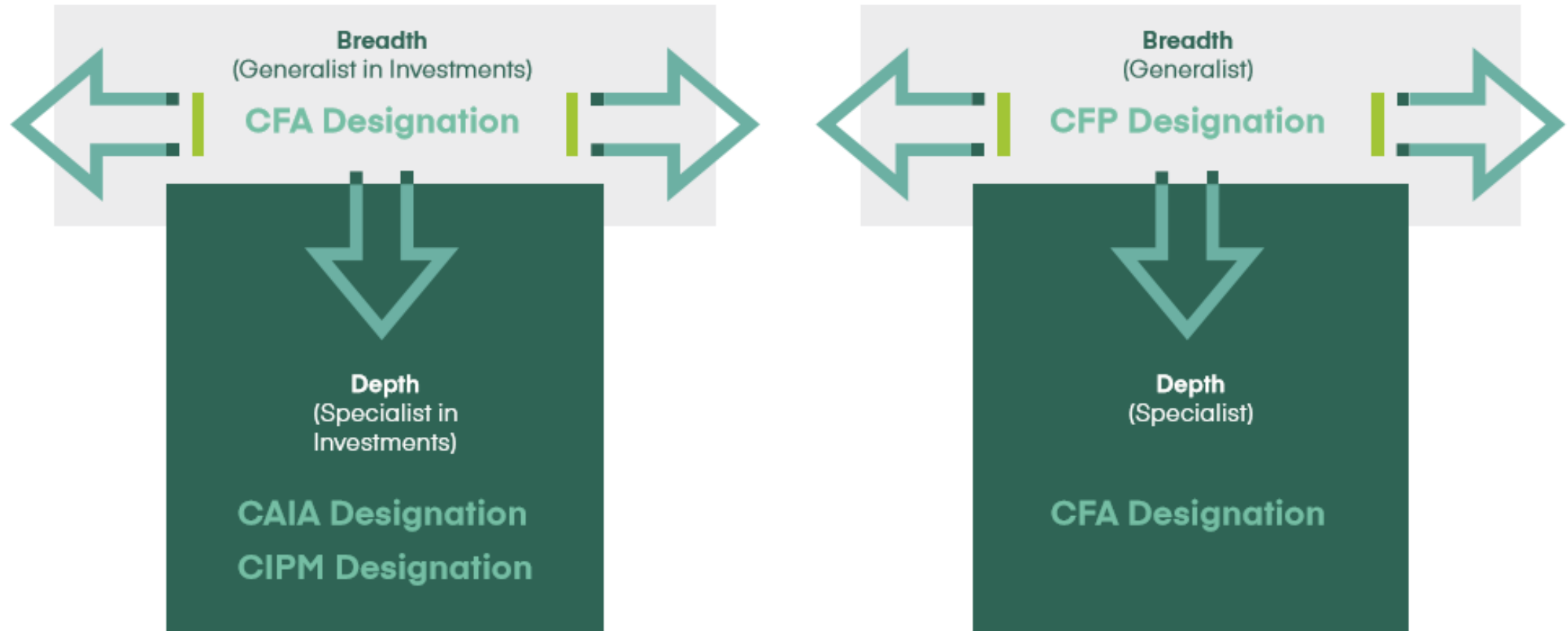


Source: Understanding the Implications of the Digital Generation on Business Education. Phase 3: Attitudes and Usage Study, 2017

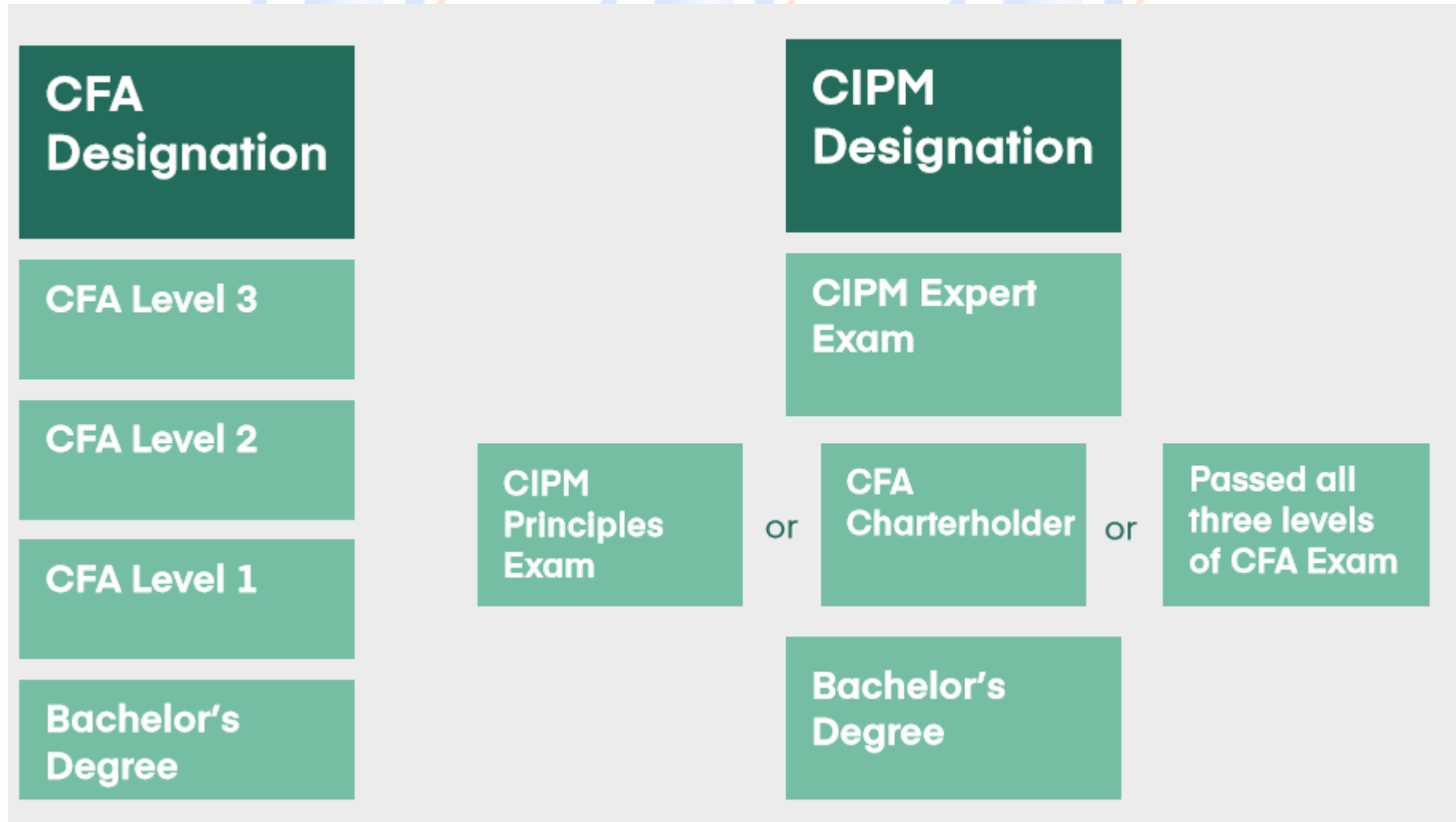
# Lifelong Learning: Business and Leadership Education



# The Education “T”



# Stackable Qualifications



# Business as a Profession

## What is a *profession*?

- Education
- Experience
- Ethics

## What can business schools do?

- The importance of lifelong learning
- Experiential learning/Experience
- Global understanding/Experiences
- Professional attitude/Ethics

# Implications

Location, Location, Location

Lifelong Learning, Lifelong Learning, Lifelong Learning

Be a Hub of Lifelong Learning

- Deep collaboration with Business Community – Integration with Corporate T&D
- Across Campus – Deep collaboration across disciplines
- Serving Alumni Networks Through their Career Lifecycle– Revolving Door
- An alternative strategy is to focus on one piece of LL – in that case be aware of what else is happening and demonstrate how your focused strategy fits in.

Modular and Stackable Educational Experiences

- Top-Off Programs for Specialty Masters or Other Credentials
- How programs fit together with generalist and specialty graduate degrees and industry credentials

Cumulative Transcript or Individual Learning Record

Undergraduate Programs

- Preparing students for globally oriented “ professional” careers
- Preparing students to be agile and lifelong learners
- Breadth and Depth